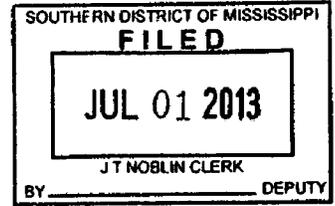


UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF MISSISSIPPI
SOUTHERN DIVISION



SANDRA SANDERSON HAVENS,

Plaintiff,

vs.

PFIZER INC.,

Defendant.

CASE NO. 1:13cv278HSD-RHW

COMPLAINT

Product Liability – Failure to Warn; Negligence;
Product Liability – Breach of Implied Warranty;
Fraud; Constructive Fraud; Unjust Enrichment;
Loss of Consortium, Punitive Damages

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

The Plaintiff Sandra Sanderson Havens (“Plaintiff”), residing at 1909 Summerlin Bayou Road, Vancleave, Mississippi in the county of Jackson, by and by through her undersigned attorneys, hereby sues the Defendant, Pfizer, Inc. (“Defendant” or “Pfizer”), which has its principal place of business at 235 East 42nd Street, New York, New York 10017, and alleges as follows:

BACKGROUND

1. This is an action for damages suffered by Plaintiff as a direct and proximate result of Defendant’s negligent and wrongful conduct in connection with the design, development, manufacture, testing, packaging, promoting, marketing, distribution, labeling, and/or sale of LIPITOR (also known as ATORVASTATIN CALCIUM and at times referred to as herein as “the subject product”).

PARTIES

2. Plaintiff is a natural person and citizen of the United States, residing in Jackson County in the State of Mississippi.

3. At all times relevant to this action, Plaintiff Sandra Sanderson Havens was and remains a resident and citizen of Vancleave, Jackson County, in Mississippi. Thus, Jackson

County, Mississippi, is where Plaintiff is domiciled and where Plaintiff Sandra Sanderson Havens continues to reside.

4. At all times herein mentioned, Defendant was and is a corporation existing under the laws of incorporation of the State of Delaware, with its principal place of business in New York, New York, and doing business within this judicial district.

5. At all times herein mentioned, Defendant Pfizer, in interstate commerce and in this judicial district, advertised, promoted, supplied, and sold to distributors and retailers for resale to physicians, hospitals, medical practitioners, and the general public a certain pharmaceutical product, LIPITOR.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

6. This Court has jurisdiction over Defendant and this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332 because there is complete diversity of citizenship between Plaintiff and Defendant and because the amount in controversy between Plaintiff and Defendants exceeds \$75,000, exclusive of attorneys' fees and costs, and because, among other reasons, Defendant has significant contacts with this district by virtue of doing business within this judicial district.

7. Venue is proper within this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391 because Plaintiff resides in this district and because a substantial part of the acts and/or omissions giving rise to these claims occurred within this district.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

8. At all times herein mentioned, Defendant, by and through its agents, servants, and/or employees failed to adequately warn physicians and consumers, including Plaintiff herein, of the risk of developing diabetes from LIPITOR.

9. LIPITOR is an HMG-CoA reductase inhibitor and a member of the drug class known as statins.

10. LIPITOR is prescribed to reduce the amount of cholesterol and other fatty substances in the blood.

11. Parke-Davis Pharmaceutical Research, a division of Warner-Lambert Company, obtained approval from the Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") to market LIPITOR on December 17, 1996. Warner-Lambert entered into a co-marketing agreement with Pfizer to sell LIPITOR, and thereafter those companies began distributing and selling LIPITOR throughout the United States in 1997. On June 19, 2000, Pfizer acquired Warner-Lambert and all rights to LIPITOR.

12. Despite its knowledge of data indicating that LIPITOR is causally related to the development of type 2 diabetes and/or blood glucose levels diagnostic for type 2 diabetes, Pfizer promoted and marketed LIPITOR as safe and effective for persons such as Plaintiff Sandra Sanderson Havens in the United States as well as in this judicial district.

13. On August 11, 2011, the Division of Metabolism and Endocrinology Products of the FDA requested that Defendant make labeling changes for LIPITOR based upon the FDA's comprehensive review, including clinical trial data.

14. In February 2012, in response to the FDA's request, Pfizer added the following language to its Warnings and Precautions Section: "Increases in HbA1c and fasting serum glucose levels have been reported with HMG-CoA reductase inhibitors, including LIPITOR."

15. Until the February 2012 change, LIPITOR's label had never warned patients of any potential relation between changes in blood sugar levels and taking LIPITOR.

16. Despite the February 2012 label change, LIPITOR's label continues to fail to warn consumers of the serious risk of developing type 2 diabetes when using LIPITOR.

17. At all times material hereto, Defendant knew or should have known that the risks of LIPITOR included the severe and life-threatening complications of type 2 diabetes.

18. At all times material hereto, Defendant, by and through its agents, servants, and/or employees, negligently, recklessly and/or carelessly marketed, distributed, and/or sold LIPITOR without adequate instructions or warnings of the drug's serious side effects and unreasonably dangerous risks.

19. Plaintiff Sandra Sanderson Havens was prescribed LIPITOR and used it as directed, starting in or around December 20, 2009.

20. Plaintiff was prescribed LIPITOR to lower her levels of low-density lipoprotein ("LDL") and as a primary prevention measure to decrease her risk of developing cardiovascular disease ("CVD").

21. Plaintiff was healthy prior to taking LIPITOR. She was physically active, adhered to a healthy diet, and maintained a healthy weight.

22. In keeping with her healthy and proactive lifestyle, Plaintiff agreed to initiate LIPITOR treatment in an effort to reduce her risk of developing heart disease. She relied on claims made by Pfizer that LIPITOR has been clinically shown to reduce the risk of developing heart disease.

23. Despite her healthy weight and diet, Plaintiff developed type 2 diabetes after initiating her LIPITOR treatment.

24. Plaintiff was diagnosed with type 2 diabetes in or about April 6, 2012. As a result, for the rest of her life she must undergo regular testing of her blood glucose levels, adhere to a

restrictive diabetic diet, and take medication to control her diabetes. Due to her diabetes, she is now at markedly increased continued risk of heart disease, blindness, neuropathy, and kidney disease.

25. Had Defendant properly disclosed the risks associated with LIPITOR, Plaintiff would have avoided the risk of diabetes by either not using LIPITOR at all or by closely monitoring her blood glucose levels to see if the drug was adversely affecting her metabolism.

26. As alleged herein, as a direct, proximate, and legal result of Defendant's negligence and wrongful conduct, and the unreasonably dangerous and defective characteristics of the drug LIPITOR, Plaintiff suffered severe and permanent physical and emotional injuries, including, but not limited to type 2 diabetes. Plaintiff has endured pain and suffering, has suffered economic loss, including incurring significant expenses for medical care and treatment, and will continue to incur such expenses in the future. Plaintiff seeks actual and punitive damages from Defendant as alleged herein.

27. Plaintiff did not discover, nor did she have any reason to discover her diabetes was a result of a defective product and/or the wrongful conduct of Defendant, as set forth herein, until at least sometime in or about April of 2013.

COUNT ONE
[Product Liability- Failure to Warn]

28. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 27 above.

29. Defendant has engaged in the business of selling, distributing, supplying, manufacturing, marketing, and/or promoting LIPITOR, and through that conduct has knowingly and intentionally placed LIPITOR into the stream of commerce with full knowledge that it reaches consumers, such as Plaintiff, who ingested it.

30. Defendant did in fact sell, distribute, supply, manufacture, and/or promote LIPITOR to Plaintiff and to her prescribing physicians. Additionally, Defendant expected the LIPITOR that it was selling, distributing, supplying, manufacturing, and/or promoting to reach- and LIPITOR did in fact reach- prescribing physicians and consumers, including Plaintiff and her prescribing physicians, without any substantial change in the condition of the product from when it was initially distributed by Defendant.

31. At all times herein mentioned the aforesaid product was defective and unsafe in manufacture such that it was unreasonably dangerous to the user, and was so at the time it was distributed by Defendant and ingested by Plaintiff. The defective condition of LIPITOR was due in part to the fact that it was not accompanied by proper warnings regarding the possible side effect of developing diabetes as a result of its use.

32. This defect caused serious injury to Plaintiff, who used LIPITOR in its intended and foreseeable manner.

33. At all times herein mentioned, Defendant had a duty to properly design, manufacture, compound, test, inspect, package, label, distribute, market, examine, maintain supply, provide proper warnings, and take such steps to assure that the product did not cause users to suffer from unreasonable and dangerous side effects.

34. Defendant so negligently and recklessly labeled, distributed, and promoted the aforesaid product that it was dangerous and unsafe for the use and purpose for which it was intended.

35. Defendant negligently and recklessly failed to warn of the nature and scope of the side effects associated with LIPITOR, namely diabetes.

36. Defendant was aware of the probable consequences of the aforesaid conduct. Despite the fact that Defendant knew or should have known that LIPITOR caused serious injuries, it failed to exercise reasonable care to warn of the dangerous side effect of developing diabetes from LIPITOR use, even though this side effect was known or reasonably scientifically knowable at the time of distribution. Defendant willfully and deliberately failed to avoid the consequences associated with its failure to warn, and in doing so, Defendant acted with a conscious disregard to the safety of Plaintiff.

37. Plaintiff could not have discovered any defect in the subject product through the exercise of reasonable care.

38. Defendant, as the manufacturer and/or distributor of the subject product, is held to the level of knowledge of an expert in the field.

39. Plaintiff reasonably relied upon the skill, superior knowledge, and judgment of Defendant Pfizer.

40. Had Defendant properly disclosed the risks associated with LIPITOR, Plaintiff would have avoided the risk of diabetes by either not using LIPITOR at all or by closely monitoring her blood glucose levels to see if the drug was adversely affecting her metabolism.

41. As a direct and proximate result of the carelessness, negligence, recklessness, and gross negligence of Defendant alleged herein, and in such other ways to be later shown, the subject product caused Plaintiff to sustain injuries as herein alleged.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs respectfully request this Court enter judgment in their favor for compensatory and punitive damages, together with interest, costs herein incurred, attorneys' fees, and all such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper. Plaintiffs also demand that the issues herein contained be tried by a jury.

COUNT TWO
[Negligence]

42. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 41 above.

43. At all times material hereto, Defendant had a duty to exercise reasonable care to consumers, including Plaintiff herein, in the design, development, manufacture, testing, inspection, packaging, promotion, marketing, distribution, labeling, and/or sale of LIPITOR.

44. Defendant breached its duty of reasonable care to Plaintiff in that it negligently promoted, marketed, distributed, and labeled the subject product.

45. Plaintiff's injuries and damages alleged herein were and are the direct and proximate result of the carelessness and negligence of Defendant, including, but not limited to, one or more of the following particulars:

- (a) In its design, development, research, manufacture, testing, packaging, promotion, marketing, sale, and/or distribution of the subject product;
- (b) In its failure to warn or instruct, and/or adequately warn or adequately instruct, users of the subject product, including Plaintiff herein, of LIPITOR's dangerous and defective characteristics;
- (c) In its design, development, implementation, administration, supervision, and/or monitoring of clinical trials for the subject product;
- (d) In its promotion of the subject product in an overly aggressive, deceitful, and fraudulent manner, despite evidence as to the product's defective and dangerous characteristics due to its propensity to cause diabetes;
- (e) In representing that the subject product was safe for its intended use when, in fact, the product was unsafe for its intended use;

- (f) In failing to perform appropriate pre-market testing of the subject product;
- (g) In failing to perform appropriate post-market surveillance of the subject product;
- (h) In failing to adequately and properly test LIPITOR before and after placing it on the market;
- (i) In failing to conduct sufficient testing on LIPITOR which, if properly performed, would have shown that LIPITOR had the serious side effect of causing type 2 diabetes;
- (j) In failing to adequately warn Plaintiff and her healthcare providers that the use of LIPITOR carried a risk of developing type 2 diabetes and that patients' blood glucose should be closely monitored;
- (k) In failing to provide adequate post-marketing warnings or instructions after Defendant knew or should have known of the significant risk of diabetes associated with the use of LIPITOR; and
- (l) In failing to adequately and timely inform Plaintiff and the healthcare industry of the risk of serious personal injury, namely diabetes, from LIPITOR ingestion as described herein.

46. Defendant knew or should have known that consumers, such as Plaintiff herein, would foreseeably suffer injury as a result of Defendant's failure to exercise reasonable and ordinary care.

47. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's carelessness and negligence, Plaintiff suffered severe and permanent physical and emotional injuries, including, but not limited to, type 2 diabetes. Plaintiff has endured pain and suffering, has suffered economic loss, including incurring significant expenses for medical care and treatment, and will continue to

incur such expenses in the future. Plaintiff seeks actual and punitive damages from Defendant as alleged herein.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs respectfully request this Court enter judgment in their favor for compensatory and punitive damages, together with interest, costs herein incurred, attorneys' fees, and all such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper. Plaintiffs also demand that the issues herein contained be tried by a jury.

COUNT THREE
[Product Liability-Breach of Implied Warranty]

48. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 47 above.

49. At all times mentioned herein, Defendant manufactured, compounded, packaged, distributed, recommended, merchandised, advertised, promoted, supplied, and sold LIPITOR, and prior to the time that it was prescribed to Plaintiff, Defendant impliedly warranted to Plaintiff that the subject product was of merchantable quality and safe and fit for the use for which it was intended.

50. Plaintiff, individually and through her prescribing physicians, reasonably relied upon the skill, superior knowledge, and judgment of Defendant.

51. Plaintiff was prescribed, purchased, and used the subject product for its intended purpose.

52. Due to Defendant's wrongful conduct as alleged herein, Plaintiff could not have known about the nature of the risks and side effects associated with the subject product until after she used it.

53. Contrary to the implied warranty for the subject product, LIPITOR was not of merchantable quality, and it was neither safe nor fit for its intended uses and purposes, as alleged herein.

54. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's breach of implied warranty, Plaintiff suffered severe and permanent physical and emotional injuries, including, but not limited to, type 2 diabetes. Plaintiff has endured pain and suffering, has suffered economic loss, including incurring significant expenses for medical care and treatment, and will continue to incur such expenses in the future. Plaintiff seeks actual and punitive damages from Defendant as alleged herein.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully request this Court enter judgment in her favor for compensatory and punitive damages, together with interest, costs herein incurred, attorneys' fees, and all such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper. Plaintiff also demands that the issues herein contained be tried by a jury.

COUNT FOUR
[Fraud]

55. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 54 above.

56. Defendant misrepresented to Plaintiff, her prescribing physicians, and the healthcare industry the safety and effectiveness of LIPITOR and/or fraudulently, intentionally, and/or negligently concealed material information, including adverse information, regarding the safety and effectiveness of LIPITOR.

57. Defendant made misrepresentations and actively concealed adverse information when Defendant knew, or should have known, that LIPITOR had defects, dangers, and

characteristics that were other than what Defendant had represented to Plaintiff and the healthcare industry generally. Specifically, Defendant actively concealed from Plaintiff, her prescribing physicians, the health care industry, and the consuming public that:

- (a) Since at least 1996, Defendant and/or its predecessors were in possession of data demonstrating that LIPITOR increases the risk of type 2 diabetes and the risk of increased blood glucose to levels diagnostic for type 2 diabetes;
- (b) There had been insufficient studies by Defendant and/or its predecessors regarding the safety and efficacy of LIPITOR in women before and after its product launch;
- (c) LIPITOR was not fully and adequately tested by Defendant and/or its predecessor for the risk of developing type 2 diabetes; and
- (d) Testing and studies by other entities as reported in the scientific literature has shown that the use of LIPITOR increases the risk of type 2 diabetes.

58. These misrepresentations and/or active concealment alleged were perpetuated directly and/or indirectly by Defendant.

59. Defendant knew or should have known that these representations were false, and it made the representations with the intent or purpose of deceiving Plaintiff, her prescribing physicians, and the healthcare industry.

60. Defendant knew or should have known that these representations were false, and it made the representations with the intent or purpose of deceiving Plaintiff, her prescribing physicians, and the healthcare industry.

61. At all times herein mentioned neither Plaintiff nor her physicians were aware of the falsity of the statements being made by Defendant and believed them to be true. Had they been aware of said facts, they would not have utilized the subject product.

62. Plaintiff justifiably relied on and/or was induced by Defendant's misrepresentations and/or active concealment and relied on the absence of safety information which Defendant did suppress, conceal, or fail to disclose to Plaintiff's detriment.

63. Defendant had a post-sale duty to warn Plaintiff, her prescribing physicians, and the general public about the potential risks and complications associated with LIPITOR in a timely manner.

64. Defendant made the representations and actively concealed information about the defects and dangers of LIPITOR with the intent and specific desire that Plaintiff's prescribing physicians and the consuming public would rely on such information, or the absence of information, in selecting LIPITOR as a treatment.

65. As a result of the concealment and/or suppression of the facts set forth above, Plaintiff ingested LIPITOR and suffered injuries as set forth herein.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully request this Court enter judgment in her favor for compensatory and punitive damages, together with interest, costs herein incurred, attorneys' fees, and all such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper. Plaintiff also demands that the issues herein contained be tried by a jury.

COUNT FIVE
[Constructive Fraud]

66. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 65 above.

67. Defendant committed actual fraud by making material representations which were false, knowing that such material representations were false, and/or with reckless disregard for the truth or falsity of such material representations with the intent that Plaintiff and her prescribing physicians would rely on such material representations.

68. Plaintiff and her prescribing physicians were unaware of the falsity of these representations, they acted in actual and justifiable reliance on such material misrepresentations, and Plaintiff was injured as a direct and proximate result.

69. Additionally, Defendant knowingly omitted material information and remained silent regarding said misrepresentations despite the fact that it had a duty to inform Plaintiff, her prescribing physicians, and the general public of the inaccuracy of said misrepresentations, which omission constitutes a positive misrepresentation of material fact, with the intent that Plaintiff and her prescribing physicians would rely on Defendant's misrepresentations. Plaintiff and her prescribing physicians did, in fact, act in actual and justifiable reliance on Defendant's representations, and Plaintiff was injured as a result.

70. At all times herein mentioned, Defendant had a duty to Plaintiff, her prescribing physicians, and the general public to accurately inform them of risks associated with its product LIPITOR because Defendant, as the manufacturer of the subject product, was in a position of superior knowledge and judgment regarding any potential risks associated with its product LIPITOR.

71. Defendant committed constructive fraud by breaching one or more legal or equitable duties owed to Plaintiff relating to the LIPITOR at issue in this lawsuit, said breach or breaches constituting fraud because of their propensity to deceive others or constitute an injury to public interests or public policy.

72. In breaching its duties to Plaintiff, Defendant used its position of trust as the manufacturer of LIPITOR to increase sales of the drug at the expense of informing Plaintiff that, by ingesting LIPITOR, she was placing herself at a significantly-increased risk of developing type 2 diabetes.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully request this Court enter judgment in her favor for compensatory and punitive damages, together with interest, costs herein incurred, attorneys' fees, and all such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper. Plaintiff also demands that the issues herein contained be tried by a jury.

COUNT SIX
[Unjust Enrichment]

73. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 72 above.

74. Plaintiff conferred a benefit on Defendant by purchasing LIPITOR.

75. Plaintiff, however, did not receive a safe and effective drug for which she paid.

76. It would be inequitable for Defendant to retain this money because Plaintiff did not, in fact, receive a safe and efficacious drug.

77. By virtue of the conscious wrongdoing alleged in this Complaint, Defendant has been unjustly enriched at the expense of Plaintiff, who hereby seeks the disgorgement and restitution of Defendant's wrongful profits, revenue, and benefits, to the extent, and in the amount, deemed appropriate by the Court, and such other relief as the Court deems just and proper to remedy Defendant's unjust enrichment.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully request this Court enter judgment in her favor for compensatory and punitive damages, together with interest, costs herein incurred, attorneys' fees,

and all such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper. Plaintiff also demands that the issues herein contained be tried by a jury.

COUNT SEVEN
[Punitive Damages]

78. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 77 above.

79. At all times material hereto, Defendant knew or should have known that LIPITOR was inherently dangerous with respect to the risk of diabetes.

80. At all times material hereto, Defendant attempted to misrepresent and did misrepresent facts concerning the safety of LIPITOR.

81. Defendant's misrepresentations included knowingly withholding material information from the medical community and the public, including Plaintiff, concerning the safety of the subject product.

82. At all times material hereto, Defendant knew and recklessly disregarded the fact that LIPITOR causes the chronic illness diabetes.

83. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Defendant continued to aggressively market the subject product to consumers, including Plaintiff herein, without disclosing the aforesaid side effect.

84. Defendant knew of the subject product's lack of warnings regarding the risk of diabetes, but it intentionally concealed and/or recklessly failed to disclose that risk and continued to market, distribute, and sell LIPITOR without said warnings so as to maximize sales and profits at the expense of the health and safety of the public, including Plaintiff herein, in conscious and/or negligent disregard of the foreseeable harm caused by LIPITOR.

85. Defendant's intentional and/or reckless failure to disclose information deprived Plaintiff of necessary information to enable her to weigh the true risks of using LIPITOR against its benefits.

86. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's willful, wanton, careless, reckless, conscious, and deliberate disregard for the rights and safety of its consumers, Plaintiff suffered severe and permanent physical and emotional injuries, including, but not limited to, type 2 diabetes. Plaintiff has endured pain and suffering, has suffered economic loss, including incurring significant expenses for medical care and treatment, and will continue to incur such expenses in the future. Plaintiff's injuries and damages are permanent and will continue into the future.

87. Defendant's aforesaid conduct was committed with knowing, conscious, careless, reckless, willful, wanton, and deliberate disregard for the rights and safety of consumers, including Plaintiff, thereby entitling Plaintiff to punitive damages in an amount appropriate to punish Defendant and deter it from similar conduct in the future.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully request this Court enter judgment in her favor for compensatory and punitive damages, together with interest, costs herein incurred, attorneys' fees, and all such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper. Plaintiff also demands that the issues herein contained be tried by a jury.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for relief and judgment against Defendant as follows:

- (a) For general damages in a sum in excess of the jurisdictional minimum of this Court;

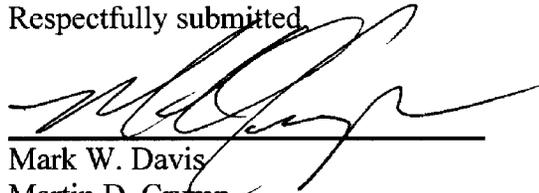
- (b) For medical, incidental, and hospital expenses according to proof;
- (c) For prejudgment and post judgment interest as provided by law;
- (d) For full refund of all purchase costs Plaintiff paid for LIPITOR;
- (e) For compensatory damages in excess of the jurisdictional minimum of this Court;
- (f) For consequential damages in excess of the jurisdictional minimum of this Court;
- (g) For punitive damages in an amount in excess of any jurisdictional minimum of this Court and in an amount sufficient to impress upon Defendant the seriousness of its conduct and to deter similar conduct in the future;
- (h) For attorneys' fees, expenses, and costs of this action; and
- (i) For such further relief as this Court deems necessary, just, and proper.

Demand for Jury Trial

Plaintiff demands a trial by jury on all counts and as to all issues.

Dated this 1st day of July, 2013

Respectfully submitted,



Mark W. Davis

~~Martin D. Crump~~

Robert D. Cain, Jr.

DAVIS & CRUMP, P.C.

1712 15th Street

Gulfport, Mississippi 39501

Telephone: (228) 863-6000

Facsimile: (228) 864-0907

Attorneys for Plaintiff

JS 44 (Rev. 12/12)

CIVIL COVER SHEET

1:13cv278 HSO RHW

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

<p>I. (a) PLAINTIFFS Sandra Sanderson Havens</p> <p>(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff <u>Jackson County, MS</u> <i>(EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)</i></p> <p>(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number) Davis & Crump, P.C. 1712 15th Street Gulfport, MS 39501</p>	<p>DEFENDANTS PFIZER, INC.</p> <p>County of Residence of First Listed Defendant <u>New Castle, DE</u> <i>(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)</i></p> <p>NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION OR EMINENT DOMAIN CASES, THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.</p> <p>Attorneys (If Known)</p>
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SOUTH DISTRICT OF MISSISSIPPI
FILED
JUL 01 2013
J T NOBLIN CLERK

<p>II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION <i>(Place an "X" in One Box Only)</i></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 2 U.S. Government Defendant</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 3 Federal Question <i>(U.S. Government Not a Party)</i></p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 4 Diversity <i>(Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)</i></p>	<p>III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES <i>(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff and One Box for Defendant)</i></p> <p><i>(For Diversity Cases Only)</i></p> <table style="width:100%;"> <tr> <td>Citizen of This State</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> 1</td> <td>Incorporated or Principal Place of Business In This State</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> 4</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> 4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Citizen of Another State</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> 2</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> 2</td> <td>Incorporated and Principal Place of Business In Another State</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> 5</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> 3</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> 3</td> <td>Foreign Nation</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> 6</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> 6</td> </tr> </table>	Citizen of This State	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	Incorporated or Principal Place of Business In This State	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	Citizen of Another State	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	Incorporated and Principal Place of Business In Another State	<input type="checkbox"/> 5	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 5	Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	Foreign Nation	<input type="checkbox"/> 6	<input type="checkbox"/> 6
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Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	Foreign Nation	<input type="checkbox"/> 6	<input type="checkbox"/> 6														

IV. NATURE OF SUIT *(Place an "X" in One Box Only)*

<p>CONTRACT</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 110 Insurance</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 120 Marine</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 130 Miller Act</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 140 Negotiable Instrument</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 151 Medicare Act</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans <i>(Excludes Veterans)</i></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 160 Stockholders' Suits</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 190 Other Contract</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 195 Contract Product Liability</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 196 Franchise</p>	<p>PERSONAL INJURY</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 310 Airplane</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 315 Airplane Product Liability</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 320 Assault, Libel & Slander</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 330 Federal Employers' Liability</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 340 Marine</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 345 Marine Product Liability</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 350 Motor Vehicle</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 360 Other Personal Injury</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 362 Personal Injury - Medical Malpractice</p>	<p>PERSONAL INJURY</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability</p> <p>PERSONAL PROPERTY</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 370 Other Fraud</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 371 Truth in Lending</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 380 Other Personal Property Damage</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 385 Property Damage Product Liability</p>	<p>FORFEITURE/PENALTY</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 690 Other</p> <p>LABOR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 710 Fair Labor Standards Act</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 720 Labor/Management Relations</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 740 Railway Labor Act</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 751 Family and Medical Leave Act</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 790 Other Labor Litigation</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 791 Employee Retirement Income Security Act</p> <p>IMMIGRATION</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 462 Naturalization Application</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 465 Other Immigration Actions</p>	<p>BANKRUPTCY</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 422 Appeal 28 USC 158</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157</p> <p>PROPERTY RIGHTS</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 820 Copyrights</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 830 Patent</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 840 Trademark</p> <p>SOCIAL SECURITY</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 861 HIA (1395ff)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 862 Black Lung (923)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g))</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 864 SSID Title XVI</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 865 RSI (405(g))</p> <p>FEDERAL TAX SUITS</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609</p>	<p>OTHER STATUTES</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 375 False Claims Act</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 400 State Reapportionment</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 410 Antitrust</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 430 Banks and Banking</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 450 Commerce</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 460 Deportation</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 480 Consumer Credit</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 490 Cable/Sat TV</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 850 Securities/Commodities/Exchange</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 890 Other Statutory Actions</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 891 Agricultural Acts</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 893 Environmental Matters</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 895 Freedom of Information Act</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 896 Arbitration</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes</p>
<p>REAL PROPERTY</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 210 Land Condemnation</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 220 Foreclosure</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 240 Torts to Land</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 245 Tort Product Liability</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 290 All Other Real Property</p>	<p>CIVIL RIGHTS</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 440 Other Civil Rights</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 441 Voting</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 442 Employment</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 443 Housing/ Accommodations</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 448 Education</p>	<p>PRISONER PETITIONS</p> <p>Habeas Corpus:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 463 Alien Detainee</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 530 General</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 535 Death Penalty</p> <p>Other:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 540 Mandamus & Other</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 550 Civil Rights</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 555 Prison Condition</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of Confinement</p>			

V. ORIGIN *(Place an "X" in One Box Only)*

1 Original Proceeding 2 Removed from State Court 3 Remanded from Appellate Court 4 Reinstated or Reopened 5 Transferred from Another District *(specify)* 6 Multidistrict Litigation

VI. CAUSE OF ACTION

Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing *(Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity):*
28 U.S.C. Section 1332

Brief description of cause:
Lipitor pharmaceutical personal injury product liability claim

VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:

CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER RULE 23, F.R.Cv.P. DEMAND \$ _____

CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint:
JURY DEMAND: Yes No

VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY *(See instructions):*

JUDGE _____ DOCKET NUMBER _____

DATE 7/1/13 SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD _____

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

RECEIPT # 14693004719 AMOUNT 6400.00 APPLYING IFF _____ JUDGE _____ MAG. JUDGE _____