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22	IN RE: ROUNDUP PRODUCTS LIABILITY LITIGATION	MDL No. 2741
	LIABILITY LITIGATION	Case No. 3:16-md-02741-VC
23		
24	This document relates to:	
	ALL ACTIONS	
25		_
26	JOINT CASE MANAG	EMENT STATEMENT
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January 4, 2019 Case Management Conference.

1. <u>DAUBERT AND SUMMARY JUDGMENT PAGE LIMITS.</u>

<u>Plaintiffs' Statement.</u>

The Parties previously reached agreement on *Daubert* and Summary Judgement brief page limits, and included that agreement in the October 22, 2018 Joint Case Management Statement. *See*, ECF No. 2046. The Court entered that agreement as an order during the October 29, 2018 conference. Plaintiffs request the Court require Monsanto to uphold that agreement.

The parties jointly submit this Joint Case Management Statement in anticipation of the

Further, it appears Monsanto does not even plan to include its *Daubert* briefing in a single brief as the parties previously agreed. Instead, Monsanto now plans to file an additional three *Daubert* motions, each spanning 15 pages each, in addition to the previously agreed upon 35 pages. That is 80 pages of briefing on *Daubert* alone. Then, in addition, Monsanto plans to file a separate, previously undisclosed Motion for Summary Judgment dealing with "other" issues, spanning 25 pages. In total, Monsanto intends to file 105 pages of briefing (not including the numerous separate motions *in limine*, discussed below), for which Plaintiffs are expected to file complete responses within 7 days. Not only is this unfair and prejudicial to the Plaintiffs, but is a complete disregard of the parties' agreement from only two months ago. As such, Plaintiffs respectfully request this Court order Monsanto to comply with the recently agreed upon pagelimitation agreement of 35 pages for its opening Daubert and Summary Judgment brief and 10 pages for its opposition and reply brief.

21 Monsanto's Statement.

Monsanto respectfully requests that the Court enlarge the page limits for its specific causation *Daubert* and summary judgment briefs to 45 pages for Monsanto's opening brief and 15 pages for its reply brief.

In the parties' October 22, 2018 Joint Case Management Statement (ECF No. 2046), Plaintiffs requested that the Court set page limits only for the specific causation *Daubert* and summary judgment briefs in advance of "the Group 1 trial." In a section titled "Specific

Causation Daubert Briefing and Summary Judgment Page Limits," Plaintiffs proposed the following requirements:

Monsanto's specific causation *Daubert* and summary judgment brief: 35 pages

Plaintiffs' opposition and affirmative specific causation *Daubert* and summary judgment brief: 40 pages

Monsanto's opposition and reply brief: 10 pages

Plaintiffs' reply brief: 5 pages

Monsanto did not object at time to the page limitations proposed by Plaintiffs, in part because the proposal addressed only specific causation briefing, and it was unclear whether that briefing would address only the first case the Court elected to set for trial or all of the Group 1 cases.

In the ten weeks that have elapsed since that filing, however, the scope of that briefing has become clearer. The Court made clear in its November 20, 2018 PTO No. 56 (ECF No. 2194) that the parties were to continue preparing all three Group 1 cases for trial and ordered that all three cases be ready for trial by February 25, 2019. Further, it became clear at the December 5, 2018 Case Management Conference that the upcoming *Daubert* hearing would address all three of the Group 1 cases. Accordingly, Monsanto requests 10 additional pages for its opening brief and 5 additional pages for the reply brief on specific causation to account for all three cases, rather than just the *Hardeman* case. Monsanto does not oppose reciprocal page extensions for Plaintiffs' specific causation *Daubert* and summary judgment briefs.

Following the page limits set forth in the Court's rules, Monsanto also anticipates filing *Daubert* briefs of no more than 15 pages each regarding Plaintiffs' experts Dr. William Sawyer (exposure), Dr. Charles Benbrook (regulatory), and Mr. James Mills (punitive damages), as well as summary judgment brief of no more than 25 pages addressing other case-dispositive arguments besides causation. Again, Plaintiffs' proposed page limits were in Monsanto's view focused on the specific causation issues, as opposed to other experts or other bases for summary judgment.

In an effort to avoid this dispute, on the day of filing, Monsanto proposed that the parties

1 2 agree to extensions of time for Plaintiffs' oppositions to Monsanto's motions—other than the 3 specific causation *Daubert* and related summary judgment motion—and corresponding 4 extensions for Monsanto's replies. Plaintiffs were not in a position to agree to this proposal, but 5 noted they will consider the proposal between today and the case management conference on 6 January 4. Monsanto remains amenable to these extensions, whether agreed to by the parties

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2. MOTIONS IN LIMINE.

subject to Court approval or ordered by the Court.

Plaintiff's Statement.

It is difficult, if not impossible, for Plaintiffs to determine which motions in limine to file until they know whether the case will be bifurcated. Plaintiffs intend to oppose Monsanto's motions regarding the topics set forth below, and request that the Court's standing order on civil trials with respect to allowing only five motions *in limine* be enforced. Absent some restraint on the number of *in limine* motions allowed, Monsanto will not exercise any discipline and will attempt, as illustrated below, to limit all evidence it does not like, instead of that evidence that Monsanto actually believes warrants the Court's *in limine* exclusion.

Monsanto's Statement.

Pursuant to the Court's standing order on civil trials, Monsanto respectfully requests that the Court grant leave to file more than five motions in limine. As background, the parties in the Johnson case collectively filed over 40 motions in limine. While Monsanto does not seek leave to file anywhere near that number of motions, the parties are in agreement that there are many important evidentiary issues on which the Court's advance guidance is required.

Monsanto has prepared the below list of topics it seeks to address through motions in *limine* in which Monsanto will argue that the evidence or argument described below should be excluded from the upcoming trial. Monsanto has attempted to combine related topics where possible to reduce the burden on the parties and the Court.

- 1. IARC's classification of glyphosate.
- 2. Conduct by Monsanto that post-dates the Plaintiff's exposure to Roundup.

- 3. Irrelevant evidence regarding Bayer and Monsanto, including (but not limited to) all other Roundup litigation besides the particular case set for trial in this Court, as well as other Bayer and Monsanto products that are not at issue in this litigation.
- 4. Prejudicial attorney arguments from the *Johnson* trial, including (but not limited to) comparisons between Monsanto and the tobacco industry.
- 5. California's decision to list glyphosate as a carcinogen under Proposition 65 and its calculation of a "No Significant Risk Level" for glyphosate.
- 6. Monsanto's lobbying efforts.
- 7. Evidence regarding the parties' interactions with search engines and the media in advance of the *Johnson* trial.
- 8. Ghostwriting.
- 9. Sources of glyphosate exposure unsupported by expert testimony.
- 10. Adverse event reports.
- 11. Advertisements the Plaintiff did not see.
- 12. Evidence that Roundup allegedly can cause other medical conditions besides NHL.
 - 13. Label changes proposed by EPA regarding how glyphosate works.

To avoid lengthy evidentiary disputes during trial, Monsanto also requests leave to file a single MIL (MIL 14) of no more than 10 pages addressing multiple pieces of evidence that should be excluded on 403 and/or hearsay grounds, including (but not limited to) (a) a study by Gilles-Eric Seralini titled "Long Term Toxicity of a Roundup Herbicide and a Roundup-Tolerant Genetically Modified Maize"; (b) references to an alleged "magic tumor" in the 1983 Bio/dynamics mouse study that was submitted to EPA; (c) evidence regarding Industrial Bio Test and Craven laboratories, and a fraud they perpetrated decades ago on Monsanto; (d) a letter allegedly written by former EPA employee Marion Copley in 2013; (e) a book written by Carey Gilliam titled "Whitewash: The Story of a Weed Killer, Cancer, and the Corruption of Science; and (f) other hearsay published in the media regarding Roundup and this litigation. Much of this evidence was precluded from the Johnson trial.

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Overall, Monsanto currently seeks leave to file an additional nine motions *in limine* beyond the five motions allowed by the Court under its standing order on civil trials. Monsanto reserves the right to seek leave to file additional motions based on further developments in the litigation. For one thing, this Court's decision on reverse bifurcation could alter the scope of certain motions and obviate the need for others. In addition, discovery of Monsanto and third parties remains ongoing in both this Court and other courts, and the need may arise for the parties to file additional motions *in limine* with leave of the Court based on developments in upcoming depositions or document productions.

Monsanto provided the above list of proposed motions to Plaintiffs' counsel on December 26, 2018. Plaintiffs' counsel has indicated that they do not agree to stipulate to the exclusion of any evidence encompassed by Monsanto's proposed motions.

3. PRETRIAL AND TRIAL SCHEDULE AND PROTOCOL.

The Parties present the following deadlines for exchange of information in preparation for the filing deadlines set by the Court in PTO 53 and in its Standing Order For Civil Trials Before Judge Chhabria, dated November 17, 2018 ("Standing Order"), and to seek alteration of some of those deadlines. The topics covered include (1) exhibits and exhibit lists; (2) exhibit and witness disclosures at trial; and (3) deposition designations. If the Parties disagree on a date or a deadline, it is so indicated below.

Exhibits

- A. January 21, 2019: Parties exchange exhibit list to include "will use" and "may use" designations. The exchanged list will be in the format and include the information required per paragraph E of this section, leaving blank columns on the "will use" list for (4) objections, (5) responses and (6) for the Court's use.
- B. January 25, 2019: Parties exchange images of "will use" exhibits.
- C. January 30, 2019: Parties exchange objections to the parties' "will use" exhibits.
- D. February 5, 2019: Parties exchange responses to objections to the parties' "will use" exhibits.

- E. **February 6, 2019:** Parties file joint exhibit list in tabular form as follows (Standing Order ¶ 18; PTO 53)
 - 1. The filed exhibit lists shall include designations of "will use" exhibits and "may use" exhibits.
 - 2. Only the "will use" exhibits will include the following columns: (1) exhibit number; (2) name or brief description of the exhibit, including the beginning and ending bates number if applicable; (3) the exhibit's purpose and sponsoring witness; (4) a brief description of any objections to the admissibility of the exhibit or, alternatively, a statement that the parties have stipulated to the exhibit's admissibility; (5) a brief response to any objections; and (6) a blank column for the Court's use.
 - 3. The "may use" exhibits will only include the following columns: (1) exhibit number; and (2) name or brief description of the exhibit, including the beginning and end bates number if applicable.
- F. The parties will only use exhibits marked as "will use" during trial. The parties may supplement their "will use" list of exhibits during trial in accordance with the provisions for Exhibit and Witness Disclosures At Trial, set forth below. If either party supplements the "will use" list, the party supplementing will provide exhibits images at the time of supplementation.
- G. This protocol does not apply to the use of exhibits used during opening statements. Nothing in this sub-paragraph precludes any party from objecting to the use of exhibits in opening statements. The parties agree to disclose exhibits to be used in opening statements at 7:00 PM PT the evening before opening statements. Plaintiffs additional proposal: Plaintiffs propose that the parties also exchange power points to be used during opening statements at 7:00 PM PT the evening before opening statements. Such an exchange is not uncommon and often helps to void unnecessary objections during opening statements. Monsanto's position: Monsanto's position is that an exchange of power points is unnecessary in light of the parties' agreement to disclose

1	exhibits to be used in opening statements. To the extent the Court orders an exchange of			
2	power points, Monsanto believes they should be exchanged at 7:00 AM PT the morning			
3	of opening statements, which will suffice to help avoid objections during opening			
4	statements.			
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6	Witness Lists			
7	A. The parties shall exchange witness lists on January 21, 2019. Witnesses shall be			
8	designated as "will call" or "may call". In addition, the parties shall note whether			
9	each witness is being called live or by video designation.			
10	Exhibit and Witness Disclosures At Trial			
11	A. Exhibit and witness disclosures will be governed by paragraph 51 of the Standing			
12	Order For Civil Trials Before Judge Chhabria.			
13	Deposition Designations			
14	A. Schedule for Deposition Designation Exchanges For Depositions Completed Prior			
15	to January 1, 2019:			
16	1. January 25, 2019 : Parties will exchange affirmative deposition			
17	designations (identifying any exhibits to be offered through testimony).			
18	2. February 5, 2019 : Parties will exchange counter designations ¹ and			
19	objections to affirmative designations (including objections to any exhibits offered			
20	through testimony).			
21	3. February 11, 2019: Parties will exchange responses to objections to			
22	affirmative designations, objections to counter designations and counter-counter			
23	designations.			
24	4. February 15, 2019 : Parties will exchange responses to objections to			
25	counter designations and objections to counter-counter objections			
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27	The condition triggering any conditional counter designations will be noted on the parties' submission. For example, if Defendant wishes to designate certain testimony only if certain testimony from Plaintiff remains included, it should say so.			
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1	5. February 18, 2019: Parties will exchange responses to objections to		
2	counter-counter designations.		
3	6. February 18, 2019: No later than 7 days before trial begins, the partie		
4	shall jointly file all designations of deposition testimony or other discovery the		
5	wish to offer, as well as any counter-designations or objections to the deposition		
6	testimony or discovery offered by any other party. (Standing Order ¶ 39)		
7	B. Schedule for Deposition Designation Exchanges For Depositions Completed		
8	between January 1, 2019 and January 31, 2019: ²		
9	1. February 8, 2019: Parties will exchange affirmative deposition		
10	designations (identifying any exhibits to be offered through testimony).		
11	2. February 15, 2019 : Parties will exchange counter designations ³ and		
12	objections to affirmative designations (including objections to any exhibits offere		
13	through testimony).		
14	3. February 18, 2019: Parties will exchange responses to objections to		
15	affirmative designations, objections to counter designations and counter-count		
16	designations.		
17	4. February 21, 2019: Parties will exchange responses to objections to		
18	counter designations and objections to counter-counter objections		
19	5. February 22, 2019: Parties will exchange and responses to objections to		
20	counter-counter designations.		
21	6. February 22, 2019: The parties shall jointly file all designations fo		
22	depositions completed between January 1, 2019 and January 31, 2019.		
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26	The parties will negotiate a separate deposition designation schedule for any depositions that are completed after January 31, 2019.		
27	The condition triggering any conditional counter designations will be noted on the parties' submission. For example, if Defendant wishes to designate certain testimony only if certain testimony from Plaintiff remains included, it should say so.		
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- C. The designations shall include only the attorney questions and witness answers the party intends to play in Court; objections and attorney colloquy that the designating party does not intend to play at trial will not be included.
- D. The party offering the designations shall be responsible for preparing the final spreadsheet submission to the Court for that witness. If both parties are offering affirmative testimony from the same witness, the parties will determine amongst themselves who is responsible for submitting the designations to the court in an equitable manner.
- E. To the extent possible, the video deposition designations for each witness will be played once, regardless of which party initially provided the affirmative designations for the witness. Plaintiffs additional proposed limitation: To the extent Monsanto's affirmative designations of a witness substantially alter Plaintiffs' affirmative designations of the same witness, Plaintiffs reserve the right to object to Monsanto's affirmative designations of that witness being played in their case-in-chief. Monsanto's position: Monsanto proposes that witnesses appearing by video do so only once regardless of Monsanto's affirmative designations—in other words, the party offering the witness shall play all of the designated portions of the deposition, in the order in which the testimony was given, regardless of which party initially provided the affirmative designations for the witness
- F. The party offering the witness shall be responsible for preparing the final, edited video to be played for the jury (including all designations and counters designations) at trial. The party preparing the video shall in good faith use its best efforts to provide the video to the other party for review by 7:00 PM PT the day before the testimony is scheduled to be played. All parties shall be entitled to review any necessary revisions to the cut video to ensure that the video is accurate before it is played in Court. Such review should be completed in good faith, and the review should not be used to cause delay or otherwise prejudice the party seeking to introduce the video. Subject to subsequent order by the Court, if, during the presentation of the deposition designations

1	and associated exhibits to the jury, any testimony or video strays from the final, agreed-		
2	upon play list and screen-shots/images of exhibits, either party may request that the		
3	Court immediately stop the presentation.		
4	G. The parties reserve the right to pare down or pull previously disclosed		
5	designations. If a party pares down a deposition designation, the non-proposing party		
6	shall have a reasonable period of time to make its corresponding revised designations		
7	and review the revised video.		
8	H. This protocol does not apply to clips of depositions used during opening		
9	statements, closing arguments, or the examination of a witness. Nothing in this sub-		
10	paragraph precludes any party from objecting to the use of clips of depositions for such		
11	purposes.		
12	4. <u>MISCELLANOUS.</u>		
13	A. The parties also request additional information on the following topics in order to		
14	prepare for the February <i>Daubert</i> hearing and trial:		
15	1. Attendance of experts at <i>Daubert</i> hearing		
16	Daily Trial Transcripts and the Use of Video to Record at Trial		
17	Courtroom Technology and Equipment		
18	4. Timing to set up audio/visual equipment		
19	5. Use of Audio/Visual Equipment, Demonstratives, and Exhibits during Opening		
20	Statements		
21	6. Availability of breakout rooms		
22	7. Access to juror list and questionnaire		
23	8. Given the complexity and importance of this case, Plaintiffs request permission to		
24	provide each juror with a juror notebook of exhibits. Monsanto opposes this		
25	request for several reasons, including, but not limited to the inappropriateness of		
26	providing notebooks to jurors containing exhibits that have not yet been admitted		
27	into evidence and may not be admitted into evidence, distracting jurors by		
28	providing them with exhibits that they may read while testimony is ongoing, and		

Case 3:16-md-02741-VC Document 2386 Filed 12/28/18 Page 12 of 13 prioritizing selected evidence over other evidence. Monsanto believes the 1 2 standard procedure of sending admitted exhibits back to the jury during 3 deliberations provides the jury with the necessary ability to review the evidence. Monsanto does not believe that a deviation from paragraph 36 of the Court's 4 5 Standing Order for Civil Trials is warranted. 6 DATED: December 28, 2018 Respectfully submitted, 7 8 /s/ Aimee Wagstaff Aimee Wagstaff 9 aimee.wagstaff@andruswagstaff.com Andrus Wagstaff, P.C. 10 7171 West Alaska Drive Lakewood CO 80226 11 P: 303-376-6360 12 /s/ Robin Greenwald Robin Greenwald 13 rgreenwald@weitzlux.com Weitz & Luxenberg 14 700 Broadway New York NY 10003 15 P: 212-558-5500 16 /s/ Mike Miller Michael Miller 17 mmiller@millerfirmllc.com The Miller Firm LLC 18 108 Railroad Ave Orange VA 22960 19 P: 540 672 4224 20 Co-Lead Counsel for Plaintiffs 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

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