IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEW JERSEY

JESUS NUNEZ and VIRGI	NIA NUNEZ.	_
	,	CIVIL ACTION
	Plaintiffs,	File No.
vs.		JURY DEMAND
C.R. BARD, INC., and BAI	RD DAVOL, INC.,	
	Defendants.	

COMPLAINT AND JURY DEMAND

The Plaintiffs, JESUS NUNEZ and VIRGINIA NUNEZ ("Plaintiffs") by and through the undersigned counsel, hereby files this Complaint against the Defendants, C.R. BARD, INC. and BARD DAVOL, INC. in this litigation and states as follows:

At all times material Plaintiffs JESUS NUNEZ and VIRGINIA NUNEZ were residents of Stanislaus County, California.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 1. At all times material, Plaintiff was a resident of Randolph County, North Carolina.
- 2. Defendant C.R. BARD, INC., is a New Jersey corporation with its principal place of business in New Jersey.
- 3. At all times relevant herein, the Defendant, C.R. BARD, INC., ("BARD") was conducting business in the State of California and New Jersey. C.R. BARD, INC. is a corporation based out of New Jersey, with its corporate headquarters located at 730 Central

Avenue, Murray Hill, New Jersey. Defendant conducts substantial business in California and is headquartered in New Jersey, and is subject to the personal jurisdiction served by this Court.

- 4. Defendant BARD DAVOL, INC. ("BD") is a foreign for-profit Corporation with its principal place of business in Rhode Island and is a citizen of the state of Rhode Island. All acts and omissions of BD as described herein were done by its agents, servants, employees, and/or owners, acting in the course and scope of their respective agencies, services, employments, and/or ownership. BD is a manufacturer of surgery products and is a citizen of the State of Rhode Island, with its corporate headquarters located at 100 Crossings Blvd, Warwick, RI 02886.
- 5. C.R BARD, INC. and BARD DAVOL, INC. are collectively referred to hereinafter as "Defendants."
- 6. Jurisdiction is proper in District Court for the District of New Jersey as the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000 exclusive with interests and costs.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

- 7. At all times material hereto, the Bard Defendants developed, designed, manufactured, labeled, packaged, distributed, marketed, supplied, advertised, sold and otherwise engaged in all activities that are part and parcel of the sale and distribution of the pelvic mesh products at issue in this matter. By said activities, Bard's Pelvic Mesh Products were placed into the stream of commerce throughout the United States, including North Carolina.
- 8. At all times material to this action, the Bard Defendants designed, patented, manufactured, labeled, marketed, sold and distributed a line of pelvic mesh products. The products by the Bard Defendants were designed primarily for the purposes of treating hernias and pelvic organ prolapse. The Bard's Defendants products at issue in this case were cleared for sale in the U.S. after the Bard Defendants made assertions to the Food and Drug Administration

of "Substantial Equivalence" under section 510(k) of the Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act; this clearance process does not require the applicant to prove safety of efficacy.

- 9. The Plaintiff was operated on to repair a hernia, during which operation a variety of surgical mesh manufactured, sold and marketed by Defendants was implanted.
- 10. The surgical mesh used in the surgery was known as he "Ventralight ST Hernia Patch" (herein referred to as "Product") and it was designed, manufactured, packaged, labeled, marketed, sold and distributed by Defendant.
- 11. The Product was made of materials which are biologically incompatible with human tissue and react negatively and sometimes dangerously with a large number of those on whom it is used.
- 12. Defendant knew or should have known that their Product was unreasonably harmful.
- 13. The scientific evidence Defendant knew or should have known of demonstrates that the mesh is incompatible with human tissue and often causes a negative immune response in patients implanted with the Product, including Plaintiff.
- 14. In April 2016, the FDA published an article on hernia mesh, identifying "pain, infection, hernia recurrence, adhesion and bowel obstruction" as the most common adverse events associated with hernia mesh implants, as well as other possible complications, like mesh migration and mesh shrinkage.
- 15. The Ventralight ST mesh is marketed to the medical community and to patients as a safe, effective, and reliable medical device, implanted by safe and effective, minimally invasive surgical techniques, and is safer and more effective as compared to other products.

- 16. Defendant failed to perform proper and adequate testing and research in order to determine and evaluate the risks and benefits of the Product.
- 17. Feasible and suitable alternatives to the Product have existed at all times relevant that do not present the same frequency or severity of risks as the Product.
- 18. The Product was at all times utilized and implanted in a manner foreseeable to and in fact intended by the Defendant, its instructions and procedures for use and its training of the health care providers.
- 19. The Product was implanted in Plaintiff in the same or substantially similar condition as when it left Defendant's possession.
- 20. Defendant failed to disclose the known risks and failed to warn of known or scientifically knowable dangers and risks associated with the Product.
- 21. The Product as designed, manufactured, distributed, sol and/or supplied by Defendant was defective as marketed due to inadequate warnings, labeling and/or inadequate testing.

PLAINTIFF FACTUAL BACKGROUND

- 22. Plaintiff JESUS NUNEZ was diagnosed with a ventral hernia in February 2016.
- 23. On March 22, 2016, Plaintiff JESUS NUNEZ underwent ventral hernia repair with a Bard Ventralight ST hernia mesh product.
- 24. Defendants manufactured, sold, and/or distributed the Ventralight ST Products to Plaintiff JESUS NUNEZ through his doctors, to be used for treatment of hernia repair
- 25. In the months following the March 22, 2016 implant of the Ventralight ST mesh, Plaintiff JESUS NUNEZ continued to experience chronic abdominal pain, and further experienced several infections, as well as fluid draining from the umbilicus. The mesh continues

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to cause chronic abdominal pain, infections, and fissures. The mesh requires surgical removal, but cannot be removed.

- 26. As a result of having the Product implanted, the Plaintiff has experienced significant mental and physical pain and suffering and mental anguish, has sustained permanent injury, has undergone medical treatment and will likely undergo further medical treatment and procedures, has suffered financial or economic loss, and/or lost income, and other damages.
- 27. Plaintiffs JESUS and VIRGINIA NUNEZ have seen their relationship injured as a result.

<u>CAUSES OF ACTION</u> COUNT I: NEGLIGENCE

- 28. Plaintiffs reallege and incorporate by reference every allegation of this Complaint as if each were set forth fully and completely herein and additionally or in the alternative, if same be necessary, allege as follows:
- 29. Defendant had a duty to individuals, including the Plaintiffs, to use reasonable care in designing, manufacturing, marketing, labeling, packaging and selling their Product.
- 30. Defendant breached its duty to its customers, including Plaintiffs, by failing to design, manufacture, market, label, package, and/or sell its Product in such a manner as the exercise of reasonable care would dictate.
- 31. Defendant negligently failed to warn or instruct the Plaintiff and/or his health care providers of the full extent of the risks and hazards known to exist with use of the mesh in a manner commensurate with the exercise of reasonable care.
- 32. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendant's negligence, Plaintiffs have experienced significant physical injury, mental and physical pain and suffering, permanent injury has undergone medical treatment and will likely undergo further medical treatment and

procedures, has suffered financial or economic loss, including, but not limited to, obligations for medical services and expenses, lost income, and other damages.

COUNT II: STRICT LIABILITY DESIGN DEFECT

- 33. Plaintiffs reallege and incorporate by reference every allegation of this Complaint as if each were set forth fully and completely herein and additionally or in the alternative, if same be necessary, allege as follows:
- 34. At the time each implanting surgeon implanted the mesh product in patients, Defendants were engaged in the business of selling said product.
 - 35. The Ventralight ST mesh product was defectively designed when sold.
- 36. The Ventralight ST mesh product was unreasonably dangerous, taking into consideration the utility of said product and the risks involved in their use.
- 37. The Ventralight ST mesh product in question was improperly designed in that it was:
 - a. not designed to remain in the human body indefinitely;
 - b. not designed to remain in place and not migrate;
 - c. designed in such a way that could cause infection;
 - d. designed in such a way that the mesh could grow into the patient's skin, causing scar tissue and becoming unremovable.
 - 38. Safer alternative designs were available at the time of sale.
- 39. The mesh product reached Plaintiff's implanting surgeon without substantial change in the condition in which it was sold.
- 40. The defective and unreasonably dangerous condition of the mesh product was the proximate cause of the damages and injuries to Plaintiffs.

41. As a direct and proximate result of the mesh product's aforementioned defects,

Plaintiff was caused and in the future will be caused to suffer severe personal injuries, pain and

suffering, severe emotional distress, financial or economic loss, including, but not limited to,

obligations for medical services and expenses, and other damages.

COUNT III: STRICT LIABILITY
MANUFACTURING DEFECT

42. Plaintiffs reallege and incorporate by reference every allegation of this

Complaint as if each were set forth fully and completely herein and additionally or in the

alternative, if same be necessary, allege as follows:

43. The Product implanted in Plaintiff JESUS NUNEZ was not reasonably safe for

its intended use and was manufactured defectively due to having deviated materially from

Defendant's design specifications.

44. The deviations from design specs resulted in defective manufacturing which

posed unreasonable risks of serious bodily harm to customers, including the Plaintiffs.

45. As a direct and proximate of the aforementioned defects, Plaintiffs have

experienced mental and physical pain and suffering has sustained permanent injury, has

undergone medical treatment and/or corrective surgery and hospitalization, has suffered financial

or economic loss, including, but not limited to, obligation for medical services and expenses,

and/or lost income, and other damages.

46. Defendant is strictly liable to the Plaintiffs for designing, manufacturing,

marketing, labeling, packaging and selling a defective product.

COUNT IV: STRICT LIABILITY
FAILURE TO WARN

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- 47. Plaintiffs reallege and incorporate by reference every allegation of this Complaint as if each were set forth fully and completely herein and additionally or in the alternative, if same be necessary, allege as follows:
- 48. The Product was not reasonably safe for its intended uses and was defective due to its lack of appropriate and necessary warnings. Specifically, Defendants did not provide sufficient or adequate warnings regarding, among other things, the serious risk of bodily harm posed by the incompatibility of the material used to make the mesh and human blood and tissue or the serious risk of infection or serious scarring.
- 49. As a direct and proximate result of the Product's defects, the Plaintiffs have experienced significant mental and physical pain and suffering, has sustained permanent injury, has undergone medical treatment and will likely undergo further medical treatment and procedures, has suffered financial or economic loss, including, but not limited to, obligations for medical services and expenses, and/or lost income, and other damages.
- 50. Defendant is strictly liable to the Plaintiffs for designing, manufacturing, marketing, labeling or packaging and selling a defective Product.

COUNT V BREACH OF EXPRESS WARRANTY

- 51. Plaintiffs reallege and incorporate by reference every allegation of this Complaint as if each were set forth fully and completely herein and additionally or in the alternative, if same be necessary, allege as follows:
- 52. Defendant made assurances as described herein to the general public, hospitals and health care professionals that the Product was safe and reasonably fit for its intended purposes.

- 53. The Plaintiff JULIO NUNEZ and/or his health care provider chose the Product based upon Defendant's warranties and representations regarding the safety and fitness of its product.
- 54. The Plaintiff JULIO NUNES, individually and/or by and through his health care providers, reasonably relied upon Defendant's express warranties and guarantees that the product was safe, merchantable, and reasonably fit for its intended purposes.
- 55. Defendant breached these express warranties because the Product was unreasonably dangerous and defective as described herein and not as Defendant had represented.
- 56. Defendant's breach of its express warranties resulted in the implantation of an unreasonably dangerous and defective product.
- 57. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's breach of the aforementioned express warranties, the Plaintiffs have experienced significant mental and physical pain and suffering, has sustained permanent injury, has undergone medical treatment and will likely undergo further medical treatment and procedures, has suffered financial or economic loss, including, but not limited to, obligation for medical services and expenses, and/or lost income, and other damages.

COUNT VI BREACH OF IMPLIED WARRANTY

- 58. Plaintiffs reallege and incorporate by reference every allegation of this Complaint as if each were set forth fully and completely herein and additionally or in the alternative, if same be necessary, allege as follows:
- 59. Defendant impliedly warranted that the subject mesh was merchantable and was fit for the ordinary purposes for which it was intended.

- 60. When the mesh was implanted in the Plaintiff JESUS NUNEZ to treat a hernia, the product was being used for the ordinary purpose for which it was intended.
- 61. Plaintiff, individually and/or by and through his providers, relied upon Defendant's implied warranties of merchantability in consenting to have the subject mesh implanted.
- 62. The Defendant breached these implied warranties of merchantability because the Product implanted in Plaintiff was neither merchantable nor suited for their intended uses as warranted.
- 63. Defendant's breach of their implied warranties resulted in the implantation of an unreasonably dangerous and defective product which placed Plaintiff's health and safety in jeopardy.
- 64. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's breach of the aforementioned implied warranties, Plaintiff has experienced significant mental and physical pain and suffering, has sustained permanent injury, has undergone medical treatment and will likely undergo further medical treatment and procedures, has suffered financial or economic loss, including, but not limited to, obligation for medical services and expenses, and/or lost income, and other damages.

COUNT VII VIOLATION OF CONSUMER PROTECTION LAWS

65. Plaintiffs reallege and incorporate by reference every allegation of this Complaint as if each were set forth fully and completely herein and additionally or in the alternative, if same be necessary, allege as follows:

- 66. Plaintiff and Plaintiff's physicians purchased and used the Defendants' Ventralight ST Mesh primarily for personal use and thereby suffered ascertainable losses as a result of Defendants' actions in violation of the consumer protection laws.
- 67. Had Defendants not engaged in the deceptive conduct described herein, Plaintiff would not have purchased and/or paid for the Defendants' Ventralight ST Mesh, and would not have incurred related medical cost and injury.
- 68. Defendants engaged in wrongful conduct while at the same time obtaining, under false pretenses, moneys from Plaintiffs for the Ventralight ST Mesh that would not have been paid had Defendants not engaged in unfair and deceptive conduct.
- 69. Unfair methods of competition or deceptive acts or practices that were proscribed by law, including the following:
 - a) Representing that goods or services have characteristics, ingredients, uses,
 benefits or qualities that they do not have.
 - Advertising goods or services with the intent not to sell them as advertised;
 and,
 - Engaging in fraudulent or deceptive conduct that creates a likelihood of confusion or misunderstanding.
- 70. Plaintiff was injured by the cumulative and indivisible nature of Defendants' conduct. The cumulative effect of Defendants' conduct directed at patients, physicians and consumers was to create demand for and sell the Defendants' Ventralight ST Mesh. Each aspect of Defendants' conduct combined to artificially create sales of the Defendants' Ventralight ST Mesh.

- 71. Defendants have a statutory duty to refrain from unfair or deceptive acts or trade practices in the design, labeling, development, manufacture, promotion, and sale of the Defendants' Ventralight ST Mesh.
- 72. Had Defendants not engaged in the deceptive conduct described above, Plaintiff would not have purchased and/or paid for the Ventralight ST Mesh, and would not have incurred related medical costs.
- 73. Defendants' deceptive, unconscionable, or fraudulent representations and material omissions to patients, physicians and consumers, including Plaintiffs, constituted unfair and deceptive acts and trade practices in violation of the state consumer protection statutes listed.
- 74. Defendants' actions, as complained of herein, constitute unfair competition or unfair, unconscionable, deceptive or fraudulent acts, or trade practices in violation of state consumer protection statues, as listed below.
- 75. Defendants have engaged in unfair competition or unfair or deceptive acts or trade practices or have made false representations.
 - 15 U.S.C. §§ 2301-2312
 - Cal Bus. Prof. § 17200, 17500
 - Cal Civ. Code § 1750-1784
- 76. Under the statutes listed above to protect consumers against unfair, deceptive, fraudulent and unconscionable trade and business practices and false advertising, Defendants are the suppliers, manufacturers, advertisers, and sellers, who are subject to liability under such legislation for unfair, deceptive, fraudulent and unconscionable consumer sales practices.
- 77. Defendants violated the statutes that were enacted to protect consumers against unfair, deceptive, fraudulent and unconscionable trade and business practices and false

advertising, by knowingly and falsely representing that the Defendants' Ventralight ST Meshes were fit to be used for the purpose for which they were intended, when in fact they were defective and dangerous, and by other acts alleged herein. These representations were made in marketing and promotional materials.

- 78. The actions and omissions of Defendants alleged herein are uncured or incurable deceptive acts under the statutes enacted in the states to protect consumers against unfair, deceptive, fraudulent and unconscionable trade and business practices and false advertising.
- 79. Defendants had actual knowledge of the defective and dangerous condition of the Defendants' Ventralight ST Mesh and failed to take any action to cure such defective and dangerous conditions.
- 80. Plaintiff and the medical community relied upon Defendants' misrepresentations and omissions in determining which product and/or procedure to undergo and/or perform (if any).
- 81. Defendants' deceptive, unconscionable or fraudulent representations and material omissions to patients, physicians and consumers, constituted unfair and deceptive acts and practices.
- 82. By reason of the unlawful acts engaged in by Defendants, and as a direct and proximate result thereof, Plaintiff has suffered ascertainable losses and damages.
- 83. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' violations of consumer protection laws, Plaintiff has sustained economic losses and other damages and is entitled to statutory and compensatory damages in an amount to be proven at trial.

COUNT VII: LOSS OF CONSORTIUM

84. Plaintiffs repeat, reiterate, and reallege each and every allegation of this Complaint contained in each of the foregoing paragraphs inclusive, with the same force and

effect as if more fully set forth herein.

85. Plaintiff, VIRGINIA NUNEZ, was at all times relevant hereto the spouse of

Plaintiff, and as such, lived and cohabitated with her.

By reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff, VIRGINIA NUNEZ, has incurred 86.

significant expenses for medical care and will continue to be economically and emotionally

harmed in the future.

87. By reason of the foregoing, Plaintiffs were caused to suffer, and Plaintiffs will

continue to suffer in the future, loss of consortium, loss of society, affection, assistance, and

conjugal fellowship, all to the detriment of their marital relationship.

By reason of the foregoing, Plaintiffs have suffered injuries and damages as 88.

alleged herein.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs JESUS NUNEZ and VIRGINIA NUNEZ demands

judgment for damages from the Defendant for an amount in excess of Seventy-five Thousand

Dollars (\$75,000.00) together with interest and costs.

REQUEST FOR JURY TRIAL

The Plaintiffs herein request trial by jury of all issues triable by right.

DATED: March 21, 2018

Melville, New York

By: /s/Nicholas R. Farnolo

Nicholas R. Farnolo,

Napoli Shkolnik PLLC 400 Broadhollow Road

Melville, New York 11747

(212) 397-1000

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

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JS 44 (Rev. 06/17)

Case 2:18-cv-03925 Decument 0.00 Eiled 03/21/18 Page 1 of 1 PageID: 15

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

purpose of initiating the civil d	ocket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCT	TIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF T	HIS FORM.)			
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS Jesus Nunez and Virginia Nunez			DEFENDANTS	DEFENDANTS		
			C.R.Bard, Inc and Bard DaVol, Inc.			
(b) County of Residence (E	of First Listed Plaintiff S XCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CA	stanislaus, CA SES)	County of Residence of First Listed Defendant Union County, NJ (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.			
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name,	Address, and Telephone Number	r)	Attorneys (If Known)			
Nicholas Farnolo, Esq. N 400 Broadhollow Road, I		1000				
II. BASIS OF JURISD	ICTION (Place an "X" in O	ne Box Only)		RINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintif	
☐ 1 U.S. Government ☐ 3 Federal Question Plaintiff (U.S. Government Not a Party)		Not a Party)		PF DEF 1 □ 1 Incorporated <i>or</i> Pr of Business In □		
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant			Citizen of Another State	2 Incorporated and of Business In		
			Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	3	□ 6 □ 6	
IV. NATURE OF SUIT			EODEELEUDE/DEN A L'EN		of Suit Code Descriptions.	
CONTRACT ☐ 110 Insurance ☐ 120 Marine ☐ 130 Miller Act ☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument ☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment	PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers' Liability 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 360 Other Personal Injury 360 Personal Injury Medical Malpractice CIVIL RIGHTS 440 Other Civil Rights 441 Voting 442 Employment 443 Housing/ Accommodations 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other 448 Education	PERSONAL INJURY 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPERTY 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage Product Liability PRISONER PETITIONS Habeas Corpus: 463 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence 530 General 535 Death Penalty Other: 540 Mandamus & Other 550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of Confinement	G25 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 G90 Other G90 Other Labor Act G90 Other Labor Litigation G90 Other La	BANKRUPTCY □ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 □ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 PROPERTY RIGHTS □ 820 Copyrights □ 830 Patent □ 835 Patent - Abbreviated New Drug Application □ 840 Trademark SOCIAL SECURITY □ 861 HIA (1395ff) □ 862 Black Lung (923) □ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) □ 864 SSID Title XVI □ 865 RSI (405(g)) FEDERAL TAX SUITS □ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) □ 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	OTHER STATUTES □ 375 False Claims Act □ 376 Qui Tam (31 USC	
	moved from ate Court Cite the U.S. Civil Sta 28 U.S.C. Sec 13	Appellate Court tute under which you are fi	Reinstated or Reopened Anothe specify.	er District Litigation Transfer		
	Brief description of ca Product defect - H					
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	CHECK IF THIS UNDER RULE 2:	IS A CLASS ACTION 3, F.R.Cv.P.	DEMAND \$	CHECK YES only JURY DEMAND	if demanded in complaint: ∴ ▼ Yes □ No	
VIII. RELATED CASE IF ANY	E(S) (See instructions):	JUDGE		DOCKET NUMBER		
DATE SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD 03/21/2018 /s/Nicholas R. Farnolo						
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY RECEIPT # Al	MOUNT	APPLYING IFP	JUDGE	MAG. JUI	DGE	

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

District of New Jersey Jesus Nunez and Virginia Nunez Plaintiff(s) V. Civil Action No. C.R.Bard, Inc and Bard DaVol, Inc. Defendant(s)					
Plaintiff(s) V. Civil Action No. C.R.Bard, Inc and Bard DaVol, Inc.					
C.R.Bard, Inc and Bard DaVol, Inc.					
C.R.Bard, Inc and Bard DaVol, Inc.					
Defendant(s)					
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SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION					
To: (Defendant's name and address) C.R.Bard, Inc. 730 CENTRAL AVE, Murray Hill,New Jersey 07974 and Bard DaVol, Inc. 100 Crossings Blvd Warwick, RI 02886 A lawsuit has been filed against you. Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if y are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Ci P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are: Nicholas Farnolo, Esq.					
whose name and address are: Nicholas Farnolo, Esq. Napoli Shkolnik, PLLC 400 Broadhollow Rd. Suite 305 Melville, NY 11747					
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complain You also must file your answer or motion with the court.					
CLERK OF COURT					
Date:					

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No.

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (1))

	This summons for (name	of individual and title, if any)						
was re	ceived by me on (date)							
	☐ I personally served th	ne summons on the individu	al at (place)					
		on (date)						
	☐ I left the summons at							
	, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there,							
			to the individual's last known address; or					
	☐ I served the summon	s on (name of individual)		, who is				
	designated by law to ac	cept service of process on b	ehalf of (name of organization)					
			on (date)	; or				
	☐ I returned the summo	ons unexecuted because		; or				
	☐ Other (specify):							
				<u>k</u> 1				
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00				
	I declare under penalty	of perjury that this informat	ion is true.					
Date:								
Date.	5	-	Server's signature					
			Printed name and title					
		; <u></u>	Server's address					

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc: